# **MONTY**



# **CFE 3271V**

OPEN CAPTIONED WESTON WOODS STUDIOS 1993

Grade Levels: PS-4

7 minutes

1 Instructional Graphic Enclosed

#### **DESCRIPTION**

Monty is a sleepy alligator-taxi who ferries Arthur the frog, Doris the duck, and Tom the rabbit across the river to and from school. When Monty decides he's tired of their backseat driving, he takes a vacation, leaving them to find their own way across. Based on the book by James Stevenson. Animated.

#### **INSTRUCTIONAL GOALS**

- To stimulate discussion regarding taking things and people for granted.
- To demonstrate problem solving skills.
- To illustrate negative and positive interpersonal skills.
- To present the story based on the book by James Stevenson in an alternate medium.

#### **BEFORE SHOWING**

- 1. Read the CAPTION SCRIPT to determine unfamiliar vocabulary and language concepts.
  - 2. Read the book *Monty* by James Stevenson.
  - 3. Describe what friendship means.
- 4. Explain the phrase *take for granted* and relate it to personal experiences.
- 5. Discuss the need for problem solving skills and prepare to identify the problems and resolutions presented in this story.

#### **DURING SHOWING**

- 1. View the video more than once, with one showing uninterrupted.
- 2. Pause and discuss how the duck, rabbit, and frog treat Monty when Monty gives them a ride across the river in the beginning of the video.
- 3. Pause and discuss how the animals treat Monty when he gives them a ride across the river at the end of the video.

4. Identify the problem solving events as they appear in the video.

#### **AFTER SHOWING**

#### **Discussion Items and Questions**

- 1. Compare the video to the book by James Stevenson.
- 2. Why did the duck, rabbit, and frog ride on Monty's back to cross the river?
- 3. Relate and evaluate the three solutions the frog, rabbit, and duck tried when Monty was on "alligator vacation."
  - 4. How was their problem finally solved?
- 5. Define the phrase *take advantage of*. Explain how the duck, rabbit, and frog took advantage of Monty.
  - 6. Identify negative friendship behavior in the video.
- 7. Explain how the duck, rabbit, and frog learned the advantage of having and being a good friend.
- 8. Identify the positive friendship behavior in the video.

#### Applications and Activities

- 1. Make a chart comparing the positive and negative statements the animals say to Monty.
- 2. Create a gameboard incorporating the following concepts. (See INSTRUCTIONAL GRAPHICS.)
  - a. Problem solving
  - b. Friendship skills
  - c. The concept take for granted
  - d. Vocabulary and concepts presented in this video
  - 3. Role-play the story.
- 4. Design posters depicting the topics "Don't take advantage of others" or "Being a good friend."

#### **COMMUNICATION SKILLS**

- 1. Relate and evaluate the story's creative usage of talking animals:
  - a. The duck, frog, and rabbit voices in the video are children's voices.
  - b. Monty's voice is older, deeper, and scratchy-sounding.
- 2. Analyze the video's original captions or meaning. Determine what information each conveys. Include:
  - a. Huh?
  - b. Ooooh...
  - c. Yawwwwn
  - d. Splash!
  - e. Gug...guggle...gorga...gug... (Monty snoring)
- 3. Discuss why the more commonly used "zzzz" was not used to represent Monty's snoring.
- 4. Present the term *onomatopoeia* and give examples.
- 5. Identify and evaluate the meaning of some of the special punctuation in the video:
  - a. !!
  - b. ...
  - c. :
  - 6. Identify the idioms presented in this video.
- Interpret and apply each one:
  - a. Oh, brother!
  - b. I am on vacation.
  - c. Pardon us for living!
  - d. That's all I need...
  - e. It beats me.
  - f. I got it!
  - g. Hang on.
- 7. Differentiate between *thinking* of solutions and *wishing* for solutions. Apply this understanding to explain this conversation from the video:

The rabbit: What are you thinking, Doris?

The duck: We need a new alligator.

The rabbit: That's not thinking. That's wishing.

## INSTRUCTIONAL GRAPHICS

One instructional graphic is included with this lesson guide. It may be enlarged and used to create transparencies or copies.

• MONTY'S GAME

#### **WEBSITES**

Explore the Internet to discover sites related to this topic. Check the CFV website for related information (http://www.cfv.org).

## CAPTION SCRIPT

Following are the captions as they appear on the video. Teachers are encouraged to read the script prior to viewing the video for pertinent vocabulary, to discover language patterns within the captions, or to determine content for introduction or review. Enlarged copies may be given to students as a language exercise.

[fast banjo music]	Monty!		
	We want		
(female narrator)	to get home!		

Each morning, Arthur, Doris, and
Tom walked to school together.

Don't get our books wet!

When they came to the river, they looked for Monty.

Come on, let's go!

Monty was always asleep, Is this as fast snoring. Is as you can go?

snoring. as you can go?

(everyone) Oh, brother!

Wake up, Monty!

This is a school day! (narrator)
One morning...
Again?

Monty? Monty!

We need a ride so our books

won't get wet. Monty!
Monty!

Okay, all aboard!

(narrator) Oh, Monty! They climbed on Monty's back,

and he swam across the river. (narrator)
But Monty did not come.

Monty!

Straight ahead,
Monty! I don't hear him snoring.

Let's see some speed,
Monty! We'll be late
for school.
(narrator)

When they got to the far side, Then Monty floated by.
Doris and Arthur and Tom

went to school. Monty!

Where have you been?

Monty went back to sleep. I am on vacation...

Every afternoon, alligator vacation. he gave them a ride back.

Alligator vacation... Quiet!! What's that?

Oh! Pardon us for living! When nobody tells

alligators what to do. Who wants to watch a duck think, anyway. How long does it last?

That's all I need... Years and years, four turtles... sometimes.

all I need? (narrator)

Hey, turtles! Wait! Then Monty was gone.

What are we supposed Arthur and Tom were to do now? still thinking when...

It beats me. I got it!

Everybody start What do we do, thinking. Doris?

What are you thinking, Step on turtle Doris? number one,

We need a new then turtle number two,

alligator. then three and four, That's not thinking. and you're across! That's wishing.

Turtle number four, I can't think with this Where are you?

thinking going on. sploosh

Go think someplace else. Are you looking That's just what I'll do. for me?

Nice and quiet here. Not any more.

A perfect place to think. They went back to shore and put

Hi, Doris! their books in the sun to dry. Hi, Doris! Tom and Doris sat down.

What are you doing?

I found a board! I'm thinking. It's too little Wow! to float on. Let's watch!

Too short Look at her thinking! for a bridge.

I have a better idea. (chorus)

Think, think, think.

Here's my plan: You sit on the board.

I'll jump out of the tree onto the other end of the board.

You'll fly across the river!

Oh, boy!

(narrator)

thud

They decided to try with Doris because she was the lightest.

Doris stood on the board.

Ready?

I suppose so.

Better, but not perfect.

(narrator)

It was clear that they would have to swim across.

Hang on, Tom.

Keep the books dry.

Steady, here we go.

Slow down!

Faster!

Straight ahead, Arthur.

Don't wobble.

Sit still, Tom!

How can Monty stand this?

Poor Monty.

Hey, I'm slipping!

We need Monty

And quick!

I'm sinking!

(narrator)

Suddenly they felt something under them.

Hey...what?

It's Monty!

Thanks, Monty!

Saved!

You're a pal, Monty!

No problem!

Notice how Monty goes just the right speed?

I love the way Monty swims.

He steers perfectly.

We thought you

were on vacation.

I am, but sometimes when I'm

on vacation I take the day off.

Thanks for the ride, Monty!

Is there any chance you'll be here this afternoon, Monty?

Monty?

(narrator)

But Monty had already started to snore.

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PH: 1-800-572-5580 (V).

DIRECTIONS: Cut out cards prior to playing game. Shuffle and place face down on game board.

Give an example of taking advantage.	Tell a friend, "Thank you."	Show a "good thinking" face.	Shake hands with a friend.	Compliment Monty.	Let's see and hear you snore.
Give an example of positive friendship.	Name a thought.	Name a wish.	Give an example of taking advantage.	Name a wish.	Compliment a friend.
Give an example of negative friendship.	Ask a friend, "Please help me."	Walk like a turtle	Give an example of a good friend.	Name a thought.	Give an example of taking advantage.
Swim like an alligator	Quack like a duck."	Quack like a duck."	Give an example of a bad friend.	What would you like to "go on vacation" to escape?	Show us a "friendly face."

